Pilot Program for Component Inspection of ENERGY STAR Steam Cookers ENERGY STAR Certification and Verification Testing

Overview

EPA developed this pilot program for certifying and verifying ENERGY STAR commercial steam cookers via component inspection in consultation with stakeholders. After identifying the components used in steam cookers that would impact energy consumption, EPA documented these in the Energy File Report Requirements as the basis for conducting component inspections of products. The following procedures are aligned with those used for verifying compliance with safety certifications. From March –December 2015, EPA will work with Certification Bodies (CBs) who want to offer this option and Partners who want to fulfill their verification obligations in 2016 using this component inspection approach.

Participation

This pilot program is optional. Therefore, CBs and brand owner partners for steam cookers who are interested in participating in this pilot should notify EPA at commercialsteamcookers@energystar.gov. CBs will need to have their procedures reviewed by EPA prior to participating in the pilot and brand owners partners will need to have an energy file report created by a participating CB for all models to be included in the pilot prior to January 2016. In addition, throughout the component inspection portion of the pilot (2016), brand owner partners will need to provide the CB with information regarding when models will be manufactured and available for inspection.

Procedures for Certifying and Verifying ENERGY STAR Steam Cookers Using the Pilot Component Inspection Approach

Certification

In addition to the standard requirements for certifying ENERGY STAR products, for this pilot CBs are required to generate an energy file report for every unique certification in order for the models to be included in the pilot. This report must document the full list of critical components outlined in the Energy File Report Requirements for ENERGY STAR Steam Cookers and be kept on file in association with the product certification. Partners are required to report any component changes to the CB immediately. If any critical components change, the CB is required to identify the extent of the change and determine if the product needs to be retested to maintain certification. CBs will need to document any changes in the energy file report, along with information on the nature of the changes and new test information if applicable.

Verification

In this pilot, Products certified using this approach will not be subject to the verification testing requirements outlined in the <u>Conditions and Criteria for Recognition of Certification Bodies for the ENERGY STAR Program</u>. Instead, CBs are required to conduct random inspections of manufacturing facilities throughout the year similar to the process for verifying product safety. At a minimum, each relevant manufacturing facility would be inspected twice over the course of the pilot. Each visit would include an inspection of at least one currently certified model to

determine compliance with components listed in the energy file. Should an inspection uncover changes not previously approved, CBs are required to document any actions, including additional product testing if required. In the event that a model is retested due to component changes and fails to meet ENERGY STAR requirement, CBs are required to report the failure to EPA consistent with standard reporting procedures.

Reporting

Consistent with reporting for standard verification testing of ENERGY STAR products, under this pilot, CBs will be required to report to EPA in July 2016 and January 2017 a list of the locations visited and models inspected. In addition, CBs will need to note all models available for inspection at the time of each visit, even if not selected for random inspection.

Energy File Report Requirements for Commercial Steam Cookers

For purposes of ENERGY STAR certification under the pilot component inspection option, CBs are required to document information about products for purposes of energy inspection audits. The following information and critical components are required to be included in the energy file report at the time of ENERGY STAR certification in order to participate in the pilot component inspection approach. The check marks listed in the boxes below indicate whether any one type of steam cooker listed will need to include the corresponding critical component in that product's energy file.

The following definitions should be used to determine how to categorize each steam cooker for purposes of developing the energy file report:

- Boiler-based steamer A steam cooker with a separate heating boiler that supplies steam to the cooking compartment at a pressure range from 0 to 15 psig, and both the generator and cooking cavity are housed in a single unit.
- Boiler-less steamer with an open steam generator A commercial steam cooker that generates steam inside the cooking cavity under atmospheric pressure¹. The water reservoir inside the cavity is manually accessible.
- Boiler-less steamer with a closed steam generator A commercial steam cooker that generates steam inside the cooking cavity under atmospheric pressure¹. The water reservoir inside the cavity is not manually accessible.

¹ Atmospheric pressure refers to steamers having a cooking compartment pressure of <2.9 psig.

Electric Steam Cooker Information	Gas Steam Cooker Information
Make/Model	Make/Model
Pan Capacity	Pan Capacity
ENERGY STAR Ratings	ENERGY STAR Ratings
Electrical Ratings	Gas Ratings
Specification Sheet Dimensions	Electric Rating (i.e., fan motor, controls, secondary electric heating element if applicable, etc.)
	Specification Sheet Dimensions

		Electric, boiler- less		Gas, boiler-less		Electric, boiler- based	Gas, boiler- based
Critical Component List	Comments	with an open steam generator	with a closed steam generator	with an open steam generator	with a closed steam generator		
Door Gasket	A change in door gasket material or dimensions would affect the rate of heat loss from the unit.	√	√	√	√	√	√
Cooking Cavity	A change in cooking cavity dimensions is unlikely, given the standardization of pan design. However, a change in cooking cavity design is indicative of other changes in the steamer, which would impact energy performance.	√	✓	√	√	√	✓
Thermal Insulation	Amount of heat loss from the unit is heavily dependent on thermal insulation thickness and placement.	√	√	√	√	√	√

Steam Vent and Steam Exhaust Tubing	Steam vent and exhaust tubing design will affect the rate of steam withdrawal from the cooking cabinet. Any change in these components is expected to affect energy consumption.	√	✓	✓	✓	√	√
Temperature Control and Hold Thermostat	Whether electromechanical or electronic, changes in the temperature controller or thermostat would inevitably affect overall unit energy consumption.	~	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Heating Elements	The rating and construction of the heating element may directly affect energy consumption.	√	√	If applicable	If applicable	√	
Combustion Fan	Fan air orifices and speed setting affect combustion and efficiency.			✓	✓		✓
Gas Burner	Burner design (i.e., orifice size and manifold pressure) and air shutter adjustments will affect combustion and efficiency. The orifice size may be adjusted due to installation altitude.			✓	✓		✓

Gas Valve	Gas valve design: fast opening, slow opening, staged, and modulating. Changes to these settings is expected to affect efficiency.		√	✓		✓
Flue	Flue design will affect combustion and draft during non-heating mode.		✓	~		✓
Air Openings	Location and size of primary air openings will affect combustion and efficiency.		√	✓		✓
Steam Generator Parameters	Wall thickness, tube diameter, number of tubes, and tube length will affect efficiency.	~		√		
Pressure Switch	The pressure switch controls the burner/power and changes to the boiler pressure may impact efficiency.				✓	✓